



Key area	Key area breakdown	Evidence/teaching opportunities across the school (What do we do in school to teach/promote each key area? Where might we find evidence?)	Evidence/teaching opportunities explicitly taught within the curriculum in a year group (What do we do in school to teach/promote each key area? Where might we find evidence?)
Personal Development	a. Personal Finance Education; b. Employability skills, including work experience; c. Citizenship, Personal, Social and Health Education provision; d. The school's wider pastoral framework; e. Growth mindset and metacognition - resilience development strategies; f. Transition support; g. Work to develop	a – DT resourcing projects, enterprise projects, Maths curriculum UKS2. b – maths curriculum and collaborative working supports pupils in developing life, and employability skills: Enterprise. c – taught in PSHE, RSE input by 'Big Talk Education'; RE curriculum promotes citizenship and personal development; health education taught in science; pupils are encouraged to be part of team games during Physical Education lessons and work together during these games and respond to each other. d- regular assemblies and collective worship, which links with school values; nurture support, Thrive	EYFS (a) Experiencing real money in the role play area. (b) Visits from local professionals – doctors, dentists, farmer, librarian, shopkeeper, coach driver, etc. (d) Diwali celebrations, Harvest, Nativity, Christingle, Easter. (f) Staggered transition into reception, first topic links with home life, Jigsaw and Thrive. (g) Planned talk time in learning circles. Encouraging the children to ask questions in learning circles. (h) Jigsaw, investigation station celebrating difference, working walls to showcase work, celebrating achievements, Tapestry links with parents.
	speaking and interview skills; h. Activities focused on building selfesteem; i. Mental health & wellbeing provision.	and counselling for vulnerable pupils; mental health and wellbeing taught as part of the PSHE curriculum; online safety, safety in the home and safety outside are part of the PSHE curriculum. EAL provision: opportunities to get to know the families are organised in EYFS, e.g. home visits, stay and play sessions. When possible, home language is used to communicate with the families. e – taught throughout the learning to learn sessions at the beginning of each year; links through collective worship to Resilient Ryder the evaluate strand within the DT lessons; the maths curriculum	Y1 C) Safe touch lesson delivered by school nurse. f) Plan more provision-based opportunities for Autumn term. Gradually increased focused learning time. g) Opportunities to present poems to the class. Show and Tell sessions weekly. h) Show and Tell sessions weekly. Y2 (a) Children will take part in DT projects choosing the correct materials for the purpose giving reasons





promotes problem solving which develops pupils' resilience and allows them to be openminded to new challenges; CUSP curriculum is structured to enhance metacognition; in art, pupils understand how ideas are developed through processes and build up resilience to getting things wrong and suggesting improvements to improve their work; within music lessons, pupils are taught about self-discipline; in History changes in living memory linking to aspects of changes in their lives.

f — transition days in the last term from year group

f – transition days in the last term from year group to year group, with extended transitions from Y6 to Y7, and for pupils with SEN. EAL provision: structured induction process for pupils new to English. Pupils who are new to English are supported from day one through the range of suitable strategies.

g – taught through the design strand within the DT lessons; think-pair-share builds confidence in answering questions in front

why (wheels) and making logical decisions (waterproof hat)

- (b) Children will learn what it is like to be a fire fighter through our history topic visit.
- (b) Children will receive playground leader training throughout the year.
- (e) Children will explore money during our maths learning.
- (f) Transition work so children feel prepared for learning in Year 3.
- (e) Though arithmetic children are encouraged to beat their personal bests each week and strive towards individual targets.

Y3

- f.) In Year 3, Children transition from Key Stage 1 to Key Stage 2.
- g.) Children will perform to an audience during Sing out and the music festival
- g.) Children will perform their poems to their peers.

Y4

- G) Oracy planned throughout the curriculum to strengthen spoken language for public speaking and presenting.
- H) Class dojo to celebrate individual/team success. Wow work on display or showing the class. Celebrating published work on displays.

Y5

- (a) Learning about the importance of money and how it works through 'the big picture' in decimals Maths.
- (b) Work experience opportunities through the Young Enterprise project.





Social Development, including political and current affairs awareness	a. Citizenship, Personal, Social and Health Education provision; b. Student volunteering and charitable works; c. Student Voice – Year Group and School Council; d. Nurture Group Access; e. In school and wider community engagement programmes;	a – PSHE curriculum teaches all elements. b – pupils regularly contribute to local, national and international charities by fundraising at various points throughout the year. Pupils can volunteer to support younger children through playground buddies. c – School council, Eco Council and Playground Leaders. d – teacher referral for Thrive sessions and nurture groups: anger management, social skills, resilience, Lego therapy. e – pupils participate in after school competitions and events, giving them an opportunity to engage with other pupils/people in society, away from the	(g)Opportunities for oracy skills throughout the year as outlined in Mapping grid. Y6 (a) Our Futures end of year maths topic. Real-life money/budgeting experiences. (b) Careers fair. (c) Jigsaw/ school nurse team – birth and conception. (f) Transition officer, flying start forms, links with secondary schools, meetings with networks. (g) Children reading aloud/debates. End of year performance. End of topic showcases. (i) Counselling. EYFS (c) School council votes, voting for story each day. (e) Engagement with parents, workshops with local professionals, care home link, links with local church. Y1 e) Engagement with parents, workshops with local professionals, care home link, links with local church. Y2 (b) Taking part in fundraising to support blind dog trust (e) Linking with nature as part of enrichment opportunities at Sandal Beat and Austerfield.
	programmes;	e – pupils participate in after school competitions	trust





		ethnic and socioeconomic backgrounds. During Singing unit in music, Children learn about how to sing together and how music can bring society together.	(e)Children have access to a variety of sports clubs and competitions within school. Y5 (e)Children have access to a variety of sports clubs and competitions within school. Y6 (e) Engagement with parents and local workshops by local professionals.
Physical Development	a. The Physical Education curriculum; b. Healthy Eating policies and catering provision; c. Anti-bullying and safeguarding policies and strategies; d. The Health Education dimension of the CPSHE programme, including strands on drugs, smoking and alcohol; e. The extra-curricular programme related to sports and well-being;	a – all pupils take part in a daily mile to keep active; pupils take part in the recommended 2-hour Physical Education Curriculum provided by the UK Government; pupils are provided with a progressive scheme of work that allows for physical development (gross and fine motor skills, fundamentals, etc) and techniques, as well as competition and resilience which develops and prepares them for the Physical Education Curriculum enrolled within Secondary Schools. b – Pupils school meals are healthy and provide a balanced diet; pupils are taught what makes a healthy pack up and are not allowed to bring chocolate bars, sweets or fizzy drinks as part of this; pupils bring fruit or vegetables as healthy snack.	EYFS (a) PE lessons, cosmic yoga, daily outdoor provision, fine motor and gross motor provision daily - e.g., squiggle and wiggle, dough disco. (b) Healthy meals provided by school, daily fruit and milk, fruit and vegetable growing in provision, baking weekly. c) Promotion of tolerance and respect, and early social skills. Quality texts in provision that address relationships. (e) Outdoor provision, sports day, yoga workshops, Friday afternoon games. (g) Weekly bike sessions, road safety discussions. (h) Access to outdoor provision. (j) Weekly baking, food growing, healthy snack. (k) Travel Tracker, bike lessons.





- f. The celebration of sporting achievement including personal fitness and competitive sport; g. Cycling proficiency training and Cycling to School Safely protocol; h. Activities available for unstructured time, including lunch and break times;
- i. Activity-based residentials;

- c PSHE curriculum teaches pupils about what bullying is both face to face and cyberbullying and how to address if they feel they are being bullied or someone they know is being bullied; antibullying and safeguarding policies are up to date and robust; Pupils take part in activities during Antibullying week and also internet safety week annually.
- d in PSHE, pupils are taught the importance of a healthy diet and how Drugs, Smoking and Alcohol can affect a person's lifestyle.
- e range of extra-curricular activities offered e.g. football, basketball, rounders, crafts, games, choir; representing the school in inter-school sporting events; pupils of all ages and abilities are invited and encouraged to participate in PE After School Clubs; all pupils are offered free use of these clubs. f –Sports day; inter-school events; daily mile g, I cycling proficiency course offered to UKS2, Get Bright Day annual event to raise awareness of keeping safe in the dark mornings and after school when travelling to school on bikes.

Y1

- b) DT Food and nutrition lessons.
- e) Extracurricular activities for year 1.
- f) Show and tell, pupils can bring sports awards to show the class. Seesaw parents/carers can share their children's achievements.
- j) DT Food and nutrition. Pupils given opportunity to prepare food in these lessons.

Y2

- (d) Children will take part in Big Talk to learn about their personal development.
- (f) Children will have opportunity to raise money for charity and receive a medal for taking part.

Υ3

- b.) DT Children learn about nutrition and a healthy diet of food and exercise.
- E.) Children perform with sing out Programme.
- a.) Children use just dance during brain breaks in an afternoon.

Y4

- B) DT lessons ultra-processed foods & understanding dietary requirements
- D) Jigsaw Smoking, alcohol and peer pressure.
- H) Daily Mile, Go Noodle brain breaks in the PM





			Y5
			(b)Food Nutrition as part of DT topics. Fruit
			available to all at breaktimes. Chn encouraged to
			bring fruit from home for breaktimes. Vegetarian
			days once per week for school lunches.
			(e)Variety of sports after school clubs delivered by
			coaches. Summer sports clubs running. Promoting
			of girls' football at play times. Interschool
			competitions.
			(f) Sports' Day. Sports stars celebrated and
			mentioned in class assemblies e.g women's football team winning Euros.
			(h)Variety of sporting activities available at lunch
			times and play tines. Play time coordinator to
			ensure plenty of activities available for chn.
			Playground leaders with Premier League Stars.
			(j) DT CUSP Scheme – access to 2 x Food and
			Nutrition topics.
			Y6
			b) DT – Food and nutrition lessons.
			e) Extracurricular activities for year 6. Trust games.
			j) DT – Food and nutrition. Pupils given opportunity
			to prepare food in these lessons.
Spiritual	a. The Religious Education	a – RE curriculum – The Doncaster agreed syllabus.	EYFS
Development	and Philosophy Curriculum;	b – Collective worship; staff have shared	Discovery RE, links with local, celebration of
	b. Our collective acts of	responsibility to deliver high quality worship for all	different cultural events through EYFS framework.
	worship and reflection;	pupils.	Collective worship.
	c. Support for the	c – RE curriculum and PSHE curriculum.	Y1
	expression of individual	d – links with EAL celebration days/weeks	a) Discussions about what it means to belong to a
	faiths;	celebrating other faiths and cultures.	faith community and what makes places sacred.
	d. Inter-faith and faith-	e – visit local Church to celebrate Harvest and	Y2
	specific activities and	Christmas as a school; inviting local vicar into school	(b) Regular opportunity for discussion with visiting
	speakers;	to lead collective worship and workshops.	spiritual leaders.





	e. Visits to religious	g – collective worship programme; SLT lead weekly	Y3
	buildings and centres;	assemblies to cover values and significant	Priest visit into school during Christianity topic.
	f. School-linking activities –	celebrations and celebrate good learning	Y4
	locally, nationally and	behaviours.	E) Priest workshop in Spring term.
	internationally;		d) Hinduism and Hindu Festivals.
	g. The Assembly		Y5
	programme.		(c)Children of minority religions offered option to
			opt out of RE if the family makes the decision.
			Teaching of different religions through RE
			curriculum.
			(d) Religious leaders invited into school to educate
			the children.
			(e)Opportunities provided through whole school
			celebrations and individual trips.
			Y6
			(b) Regular opportunity for discussion with visiting
			spiritual leaders.
			(e)Opportunities provided through whole school
			celebrations and individual trips.
Moral	a. The Religious Education	a– RE curriculum and PSHE curriculum.	EYFS
Development	and Philosophy Curriculum;	b – school behaviour policy provides clear sanctions	Teaching of tolerance and appreciation of different
	b. The behaviour and	and provides an opportunity for restorative	cultures. High expectations of behaviour, praise for
	justice framework	practice; studying the lives of significant individuals	good behaviour. School council charity vote.
	underpinning the school's	in history.	Y1
	behaviour Management	c – pupils regularly contribute to local, national and	(b) Children have a say in classroom rules and talk
	policies;	international charities by fundraising at various	together about own behaviour discussing future
	c. Contributions to local,	points throughout the year.	actions.
	national and international		Y2
	charitable projects		(b) Children have a say in classroom rules and talk
			together about own behaviour discussing future
			actions
			Y3





Cultural	Citizen alsin Education		During PSHE, Children learn about different beliefs and cultures. Y4 b) class agreement of rules and expectations created as a class with children's input. Monitors with jobs and expectations. Y5 (c)School council supporting and making children aware of international, national and local charities. Y6 (b) Classroom rules, high expectations of behaviour, positive behaviour rewarded. (c)school council
Cultural development	a. Citizenship Education; b. Access to the Arts; c. Access to the languages and cultures of other countries through the curriculum and trips and visits; d. Promotion of racial equality and community cohesion through the	a – taught through the PSHE curriculum which is supported by the RE curriculum. b – in art, pupils learn about a range of well-known artists and study their work and their lives; visiting artists are invited for collaborative projects; art competitions are entered; artists from different cultures are studied. Within music, pupils learn about different types of music from differing cultural backgrounds and the music of differing composers; every year KS2 pupils have opportunity for music lessons through which they learn to play	EYFS (a) Discreet teaching through provision. (b) Regular access to creative resources in provision. Appreciation of different artists and media forms. c) Cultural experiences and celebrations, registering in different languages. (d) Classroom culture of tolerance and acceptance. Y1 (b)Opportunities to work with professional artists in school.
	school's ethos, informing all policy and practice.	an instrument: violin, cello, guitar, flute, clarinet and learn to understand musical notation; pupils sing as part in weekly whole school assemblies to have opportunity to sing as a larger group; the school operates a choir who perform locally; sing out/ music festival attended; musical genres from different cultures are studied. CUSP Art Festival. c – diverse school intake meaning pupils are exposed to many languages and cultures on a daily basis; EAL resources are used representing different	Y2 (b)Opportunities to work with professional artists in school. Y3 Children take part in Sing out Y4 b) Art workshop at the point. Y5 (b)Opportunities to work with professional artists in school. Links with local high schools (dance project). Through music provision children have access to





music lessons through Doncaster music service.

cultures, including books, games and artefacts,	Young Voices, Rock Steady, Peripatetic music
books with characters from different cultural	lessons through Doncaster music service.
backgrounds, learning platforms supporting home	(c)Spanish lessons taught weekly. Chn gain
language, in EYFS play materials representing the	understanding and insight of a wide range of
different cultures and languages.	different cultures through teaching of History,
d – Spanish; history; through school values, PSHE	Geography, RE.
and RE curriculum, behaviour policy addresses that	Y6
racism is not tolerated in school, school mission	(b) ROH. Opportunities to work with professional
statement recognises importance of equality for all.	artists in school. Links with local high schools (dance
	project). Through music provision children have
	access to Young Voices, Rock Steady, Peripatetic